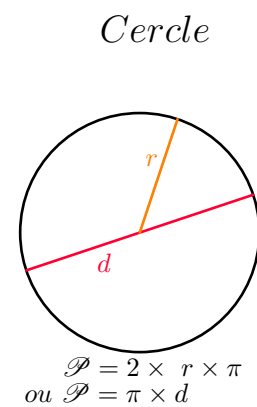
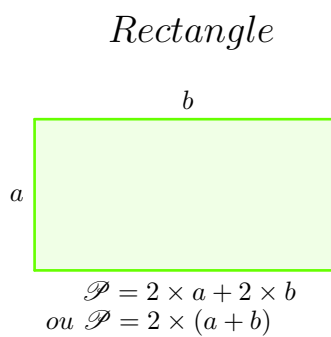
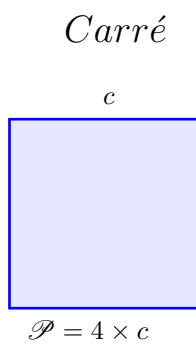
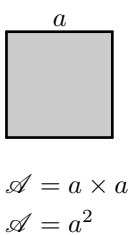
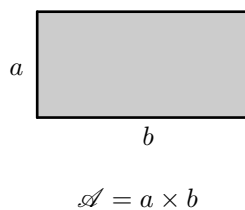
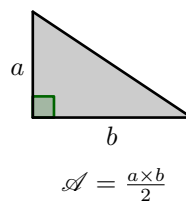
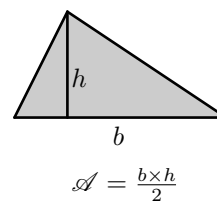
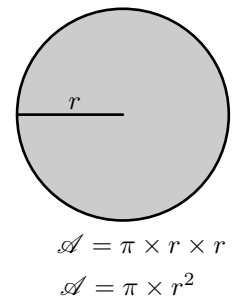


I. Périmètres :**Définition 1**

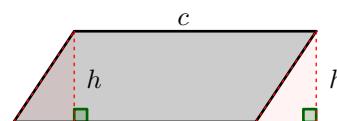
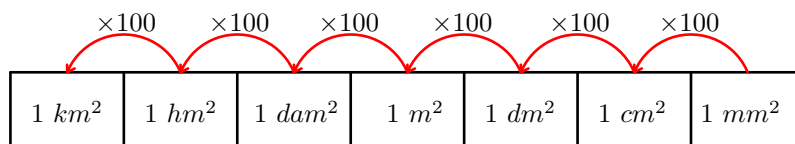
Le périmètre d'une figure est la mesure de son contour.

**II. Aires :****Définition 2**

L'aire d'une figure est la mesure de sa surface.

1. Formulaire :*Carré**Rectangle**Triangle rectangle**Triangle**Disque***2. Aire du parallélogramme :****Proposition 1**

On considère un parallélogramme, d'aire \mathcal{A} .
Avec les notations ci-contre, on a : $\mathcal{A} = c \times h$

**3. Unités d'aire :**

Autrement dit : $1 \text{ km}^2 = 100 \text{ hm}^2$ $1 \text{ hm}^2 = 100 \text{ dam}^2$ $1 \text{ dam}^2 = 100 \text{ m}^2$
 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 100 \text{ dm}^2$ $1 \text{ dm}^2 = 100 \text{ cm}^2$ $1 \text{ cm}^2 = 100 \text{ mm}^2$